

# LR48081A/LR48082A

## Pulse/Tone Dialer LSI

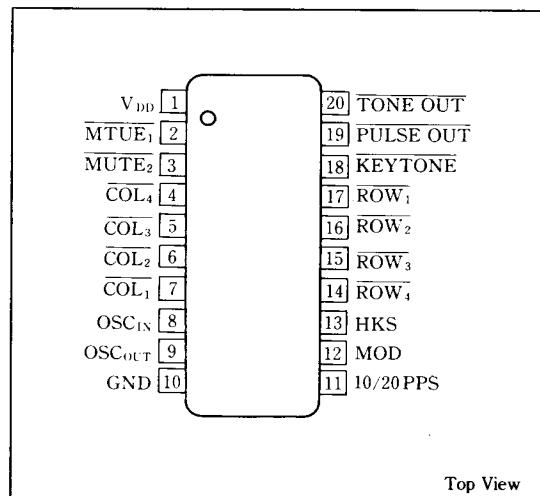
### ■ Description

The LR48081A/LR48082A is a pulse/tone dialer LSI incorporating a 32-digit redial memory.

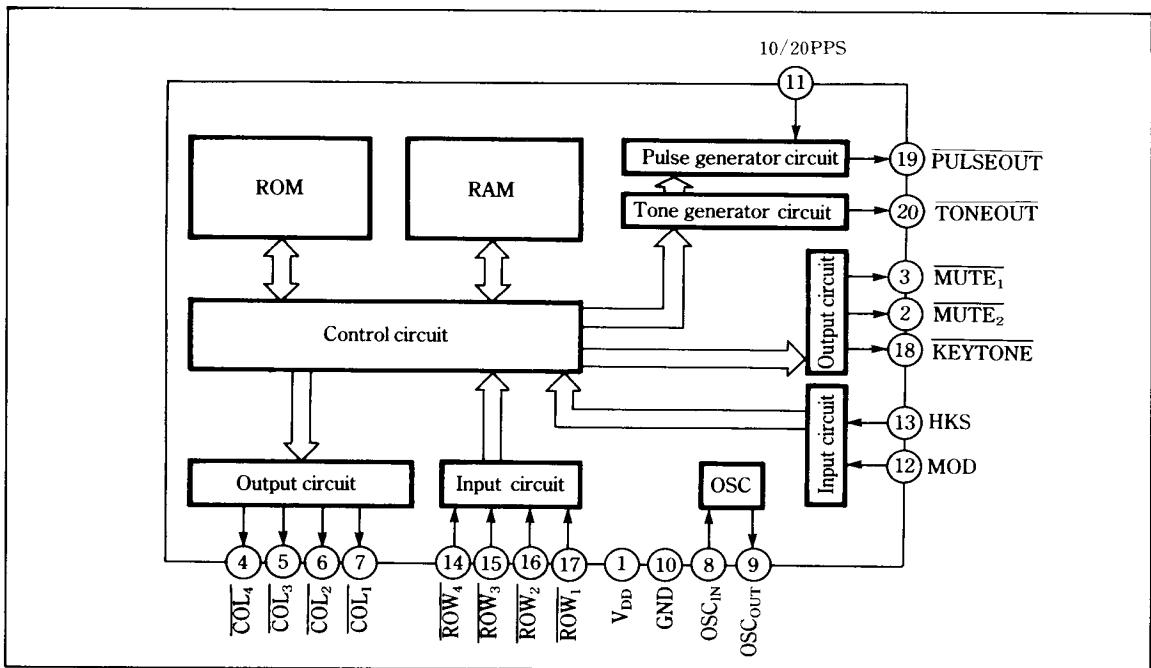
### ■ Features

1. 32-digit redial memory
2. Make ratio : 40% (LR48081A)  
33% (LR48082A)
3. Pulse rate : 10/20pps pin-selectable
4. Key tone output (1kHz)
5. Key or switch input allows switching from pulse to tone mode to provide mixed dialing capability
6. Uses a 3.579545MHz color-burst crystal/ceramic oscillator as a frequency reference
7. Flash signal output
8. PBX pause storage
9. 20-pin dual-in-line package

### ■ Pin Connections



### ■ Block Diagram



## ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit	Note
Supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	6.5	V	1
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-30 to +60	°C	
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +150	°C	
Power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	500	mW	2
Pin voltage	V <sub>IN1</sub>	-0.3	V	3
Pin voltage	V <sub>IN2</sub>	+0.3	V	4

Note 1 : Referenced to GND

Note 2 : Ta=25°C

Note 3 : The maximum applicable voltage on any pin with respect to GND

Note 4 : The maximum applicable voltage on any pin with respect to V<sub>DD</sub>

## ■ DC Characteristics

(Ta=25°C, GND=0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Note
Supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	PULSE	1.5		6.0	V	
		TONE	2.0		6.0	V	
Standby current	I <sub>SB</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.0V		0.5	1.0	μA	1
Operating current	I <sub>OPP</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.0V, pulse mode		0.5	1.0	mA	2
	I <sub>OPT</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.0V, tone mode		0.5	1.5	mA	
Input voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>		GND		0.2V <sub>DD</sub>	V	
	V <sub>IH</sub>		0.8V <sub>DD</sub>		V <sub>DD</sub>	V	3
KEYTONE output current	I <sub>TL</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =2.0V, V <sub>OL</sub> =0.5V	1.0	2.0		mA	
	I <sub>TH</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =2.0V, V <sub>OH</sub> =1.5V	1.0	2.0		mA	
Output leakage current	I <sub>LKG</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =6.0V, V <sub>OH</sub> =6.0V			1.0	μA	4
COLUMN output current	I <sub>CL</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.5V, V <sub>OL</sub> =0.5V	300	650	1000	μA	
	I <sub>CH</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.5V, V <sub>OH</sub> =3.0V	50	70	100	μA	
ROW input current	I <sub>RP</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.5V, V <sub>IL</sub> =0V	10	30	50	μA	
HKS input current	I <sub>HP</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =3.5V, V <sub>IL</sub> =0V	40	60	80	μA	

Note 1 : Current for memory retention ; no load on all outputs ; On-Hook mode

Note 2 : Current during operation ; no load on all outputs

Note 3 : Applicable to all input pins

Note 4 : Applicable to MUTE<sub>1</sub>, MUTE<sub>2</sub>, PULSEOUT pins

## ■ Tone Output Characteristics

(Ta=25°C, GND=0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Note
Tone output voltage	V <sub>OR</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, V <sub>DD</sub> =4.0V	125	165	200	mV <sub>rms</sub>	
		V <sub>OC</sub> R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, V <sub>DD</sub> =4.0V	170	220	270	mV <sub>rms</sub>	
Output distortion	DIS	R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, V <sub>DD</sub> ≥2.5V			-20	dB	1
Pre-emphasis	PE <sub>HB</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> =10kΩ, V <sub>DD</sub> ≥2.5V	1.0	2.0	3.0	dB	
Inter-digital pause time	t <sub>IDP</sub>			100		ms	2
Tone output time	t <sub>OD</sub>			100		ms	2
Tone output rate	t <sub>OR</sub>			200		ms	2

Note 1 : Unwanted frequency components in the 20Hz-80kHz frequency range with respect to fundamental tone signals of ROW and COLUMN.

Note 2 : When crystal oscillation parameters R<sub>S</sub>=100Ω, L<sub>M</sub>=96mH, C<sub>M</sub>=0.02pF, C<sub>b</sub>=5pF, f=3.579545MHz are used.

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## ■ AC Characteristics

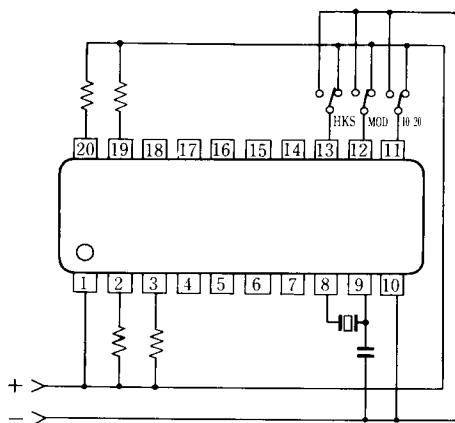
(Ta=25°C, GND=0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Note
Oscillator start time	$t_{os}$				8.0	ms	1
Pulse rate	$P_R$	GND (Pin 1)		10		pps	1
		$V_{DD}$ (Pin 1)		20		pps	
Break time	$t_B$		LR48081A	60		ms	1,2
			LR48082A	67		ms	
Inter-digital pause time	$t_{IDP}$	10pps mode		850		ms	1
		20pps mode		500		ms	
Mute overlap time	$t_{MOLT}$			2		ms	1,2
Pre-digital pause time	$t_{PDP}$		LR48081A	40		ms	1,2
			LR48082A	33		ms	

Note 1 : When crystal parameters  $R_S = 100\Omega$ ,  $L_M = 96mH$ ,  $C_M = 0.02pF$ ,  $C_h = 5pF$ ,  $f = 3.579545MHz$  are used.

Note 2 : During 10-pps pulse mode (1/2 during 20-pps mode).

## ■ Test Circuit



## ■ Pin Functions

Name	I/O	Function
$COL_1-COL_4$	O	Key strobe outputs
$OSC_{IN}$	I	Crystal oscillation circuit pin
$OSC_{OUT}$	O	Crystal oscillation circuit pin
10/20pps	I	10/20pps select pins
MOD	I	Pulse/tone mode select pin
$MUTE_1$	O	Mute signal output pin
$MUTE_2$	O	Pulse mute signal output pin
HKS	I	Hook switch input pin
$ROW_1-ROW_4$	I	Key input pins
KEY TONE	O	Beep tone output pin
PULSE OUT	O	Pulse output pin
TONE OUT	O	Tone output pin
$V_{DD}$	I	Power supply pin
GND	I	Power supply pin

## ■ Pin Descriptions

### 10/20pps Select (Pin 11)

In the pulse dialer mode, a pulse rate of 10pps or 20pps may be selected by connecting pin 11 to GND or  $V_{DD}$ , respectively.

### Pulse/Tone Mode Selection (Pin 12)

The mode immediately after going Off-Hook is selected by the MOD pin. If the MOD key is depressed in pulse mode, the rest of the dialing will be performed in tone mode. Data input through the MOD key will be stored in memory as well as other data.

MOD pin	Initial mode
GND	Tone mode
$V_{DD}$	Pulse mode

### Mute Signal Output (Pin 2)

The  $MUTE_1$  output consists of an N-channel open-drain transistor. It goes low during pulse or tone output.

### Pulse Mute Signal Output (Pin 3)

The  $MUTE_2$  output consists of an N-channel open-drain transistor. It goes low during pulse or tone output.

### Hook Switch Input (Pin 13)

A pull-up resistor is built-in between the HKS pin and  $V_{DD}$ .

The HKS pin must be On-Hook (i.e., not grounded) when power is turned on.

HKS pin	Mode
GND	Off-Hook
Open or $V_{DD}$	On-Hook

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**Key Tone Output (Pin 18)**

The KEYTONE pin is a CMOS complementary output. It outputs a beep tone signal during key input in the pulse mode.

**PULSEOUT (Pin 19)**

The PULSEOUT pin consists of an N-channel open-drain transistor that outputs a pulse signal in pulse mode. It also outputs a flash signal.

**Tone Output (Pin 20)**

The TONEOUT pin outputs a DTMF signal in tone mode. Fig. 1 shows the output circuit diagram.

**Key Functions**

Key	Function
0-9	Number keys
*	Pulse mode : pause key Tone mode : data key
#	Pulse mode : redial key Tone mode : data key
REDIAL	Redial key
PAUSE	Pause key
MOD	Pulse→tone switch key
FLASH	Flash function key

**DTMF Output Frequencies**

		Standard DTMF (Hz)	Tone frequency (Hz)	Deviation (%)
Low group frequency	ROW <sub>1</sub>	697	701.3	+0.62
	ROW <sub>2</sub>	770	771.4	+0.19
	ROW <sub>3</sub>	852	857.2	+0.61
	ROW <sub>4</sub>	941	935.1	-0.63
High group frequency	COL <sub>1</sub>	1209	1215.9	+0.57
	COL <sub>2</sub>	1336	1331.7	-0.32
	COL <sub>3</sub>	1477	1471.9	-0.35

Note : These values were obtained with an oscillator frequency of 3.579545MHz. Any deviations of the oscillation frequency will affect the tone output frequency.

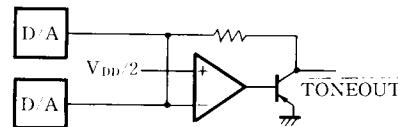


Fig. 1 Tone output circuit diagram

ROW <sub>1</sub>	1	2	3	FLASH
ROW <sub>2</sub>	4	5	6	REDIAL
ROW <sub>3</sub>	7	8	9	PAUSE
ROW <sub>4</sub>	*	0	#	MOD
COL <sub>1</sub>	COL <sub>2</sub>	COL <sub>3</sub>	COL <sub>4</sub>	

Fig. 2 Key matrix

4



Fig. 3 Single contact key

**Key Input Specifications**

Parameter	Specification
Double keys depressed	Only one of the two will be recognized as valid input according to a given priority.
Bounce count	22msec
Key-on time	30msec (minimum) required
Key cycle time	Max. 130msec (from data key input)

## ■ Functional Description

### Normal Dialing

Following a transition to Off-Hook, Normal dialing is accomplished by data key input (pulse mode : 0-9, tone mode : 0-9, \* and #). 32 digits of input data can be stored in buffer memory. Any further input after the 32nd digit will be accepted after the initial 32 digits in buffer memory have been dialed. When the 33rd digit is received, the buffer memory is cleared.

Input	Dial output	Memory contents
Pulse Mode		
Off-Hook		last number dialed
07436 5 1321	0743651321	0743651321
Tone Mode		
Off-Hook		last number dialed
07436 5 1321# *	[0743651321# *]	0743651321# *
Pulse Mode		
Off-Hook		last number dialed
07436 5 1321	0743651321	0743651321# *
Pulse Mode		
Off-Hook		last number dialed
123456...012 (32 digits)	123456...012 (32 digits)	(R)=1234567...012
3456789	3456789	3456789

Note : Digits inside the [ ] represent the DTMF output.

### Redial Function

Following a transition to Off-Hook, redial key input causes the contents of buffer memory to be dialed. In pulse mode, the # key will also act as a redial key.

Input	Dial output	Memory contents
Pulse mode		
REDIAL or #	0743651321	(R)=0743651321

### Mixed Dialing

The MOD key is used to switch from pulse mode to tone mode.

Input	Dial output	Memory contents
MOD pin = V <sub>DD</sub>		
Off-Hook		
07436MOD51321	07436 (Pause) [51321]	(R)=07436MOD51321

MOD key input will be stored in memory as a single digit data value as if it were data key input.

It should be noted that switching from pulse to tone mode causes a pause to be automatically inserted. (Refer to the Pause function.)

### Pause Function

The pause key is used to suspend dial output for intervals of about 4 seconds. Pause key input is

stored in memory in the same way as data key input.

Input	Dial output	Memory contents
Off-Hook		
0PAUSE51321	0 (Pause) 51321	0PAUSE51321

Note : The \* key also acts as a pause key in the pulse mode.

The pause will be reset by redial key input in the pause mode or by # key input in the pulse mode.

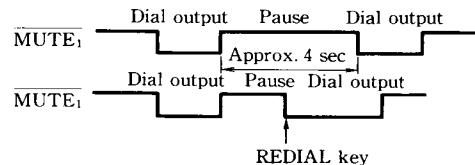


Fig. 4 Pause operation

### Redialing+Normal Dialing

Normal dialing is permitted after redialing in Off-Hook mode. After redialing, up to 32 digits of normally dialed data may be stored in buffer memory. If more than 32 digits are input, the digits stored in the buffer must be dialed first before additional key input can be stored. Then, after the buffer contents have been dialed, the buffer is cleared and data from the 33rd digit on can be newly stored.

Input	Dial output	Memory contents
Pulse mode		
Off-Hook		(R)=last number dialed,
REDIAL or #	07436	(R)=07436
1234...456	1234...456	(R)=1234...456
32digits		
7890	7890	(R)=7890
Pulse mode		
Off-Hook		
REDIAL or #	123 (Pause) [456] [0246]	(R)=123MOD456 (R)=0246

### Flash Function

When FLASH key input is made in Off-Hook mode, the signal outputs shown in Fig. 5 will be generated from the PULSEOUT and MUTE1 pins.

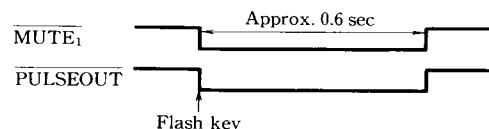
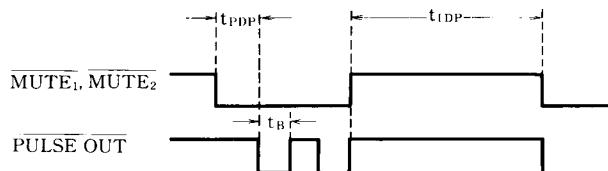


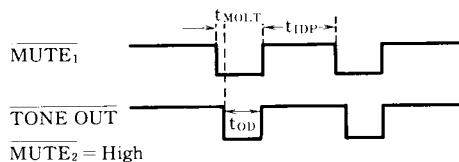
Fig. 5 Flash function

## ■ Timing Diagram

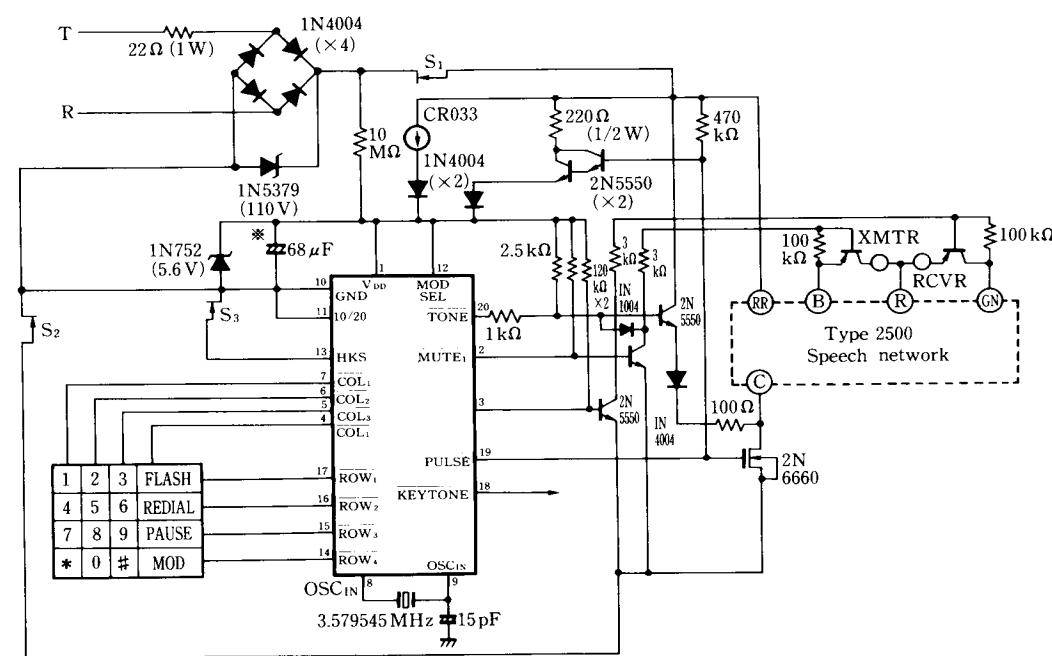
### Tone mode



### Pulse mode



## ■ System Configuration Example



\* Insert a capacitor to smooth the power supply and prevent latch-up.

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